11. No; a rotation is a transformation that rotates each point in the preimage about the center of rotation through the angle of rotation. The angle of rotation is the same and each point and its image are the same distance from the center of rotation, but the distance each point moves varies.
12. If it were a rotation, then $Y$ would be the vertex at the top of the image. $\triangle X^{\prime} Y^{\prime} Z^{\prime}$ is a reflection of $\triangle X Y Z$ about the vertical line that passes through $P$.
13. $\frac{1}{3}$; Given the slope of $A B$ is -3 . If the line is rotated $270^{\circ}$ about the origin, then it follows the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow(y,-x)$. The resulting line $A^{\prime} B^{\prime}$ will then have a slope that is the negative reciprocal of the slope of $A B$, and thus the rotated line is perpendicular to the original line. Perpendicular slopes are opposite reciprocals.
14. $\quad A^{\prime}(-2,1) \rightarrow A(1,2)$
$B^{\prime}(-4,-2) \rightarrow B(-2,4)$
$C^{\prime}(-4,-6) \rightarrow C(-6,4)$
$D^{\prime}(-1,-3) \rightarrow D(-3,1)$
15. 


17.

$\dot{Q}$

18.

19. $D(0,5) \rightarrow D^{\prime}(-5,0)$

$$
E(-2,8) \rightarrow E^{\prime}(-8,-2)
$$

$$
F(-3,-5) \rightarrow F^{\prime}(5,-3)
$$

20. $W(4,-2) \rightarrow W^{\prime}(-2,-4)$

$$
X(7,3) \rightarrow X^{\prime}(3,-7)
$$

$$
Y(1,11) \rightarrow Y^{\prime}(11,-1)
$$

$$
Z(-4,6) \rightarrow Z^{\prime}(6,4)
$$

21. $S(-2,-6) \rightarrow S^{\prime}(2,6)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& T(-5,3) \rightarrow T^{\prime}(5,-3) \\
& U(1,0) \rightarrow U^{\prime}(-1,0)
\end{aligned}
$$

22. $J(-4,7) \rightarrow J^{\prime}(-4,7)$

$$
K(1,5) \rightarrow K^{\prime}(1,5)
$$

$$
L(6,1) \rightarrow L^{\prime}(6,1)
$$

$$
M(3,-9) \rightarrow M^{\prime}(3,-9)
$$

23. Answers may vary. Sample:

